Survey No. QA-422

## Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Magi No. 150 5833

DOE \_\_yes \_\_no

CHESAPEAKE BAY SAILING LOG CANOE FLEET THEMATIC GROUP

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4. Own	er of Pro	perty (give names	and mailing a	ddresses of all owners)		
name Fr	ancis E. Schaul	per	,			
etreet & number RFD 1, Box 560			telephone no.: 778-2815			
city, town	Chestertown	state	e and zip code	Maryland 21620		
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## 7. Description

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Survey No. QA-422

Condition  excellent good	deteriorated	Check one unaltered _X_ altered	Check one  Wariginal site  moved date	of	move
fair	unexposed				

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

MYSTERY is a 34'7" long sailing log canoe carrying two masts and a racing rig. She is double-ended, with a straight stem with little rake and a longhead bow, and a straight, sharp stern. Log-built with carvel-fitted rising planks, the boat was built by Harry Sinclair in Oxford, Maryland in 1932. She has a beam of 8' 8-1/2" and has a denterboard. Originally sailed with a skipjack rig, the canoe now has a Tilghman racing rig and is noted for her very tall masts, The canoe is privately owned and races under No. 8. The hull is painted white and has been reinforced using the WEST epoxy system.

MYSTERY is built of five logs and received hername because of the secrecy of her building. She has a longhead, a straight stem with little rake, and a straight, sharp stern on which a rudder is hung on pintles. The boat was built in the Tilghman fashion with carvel-fitted rising planks and wide washboards forming a half-deck. Her stern is overhung with an outrigger, or bumpkin. She carries a long bowsprit with heavy standing rigging.

Her foremast is stayed with two shrouds and spreaders. Foresail and mainsail have clubs at the clew, and sprits. There is a large jib and, with the kite and squaresail, the boat carries almost 2000 square feet of sail. Her new foremast is said to be more than 70' long, but it is a "mystery." The mainmast is shorter, and unstayed. The foremast is the largest ever used in a canoe of 35 feet long or less.

Without auxiliary power, the canoe is towed or sails to and from races. Racing gear includes springboards and extra sails. The canoe is dismantled after racing. MYSTERY's log hull has been reinforced with epoxy using the WEST system. It is painted white, with varnished washboards and spars and some brightwork trim.

## Significance OA-422 Survey No. Areas of Significance—Check and justify below Period archeology-prehistoric \_\_\_\_ community planning landscape architecture \_\_\_\_ religion prehistoric 1400-1499 archeology-historic conservation law science 1500-1599 economics literature sculpture agriculture 1600-1699 architecture education military social/ humaniterian \_ 1700-1799 engineering music art theater \_ 1800-1899 X commerce exploration/settlement philosophy X transportation 1900-\_ politics/government = communications . industry invention: \_ other (specify) Harry Sinclair 1932 Specific dates **Builder/Architect** Applicable Criteria: $\mathbb{B}$ check: $_{\mathbf{X}}$ A and/or B C Applicable Exception: A D

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

local

Level of Significance: x national state

This vessel is significant as being one of the last? surviving traditional Chesapeake Bay racing log canoes that carry on a tradition of racing on the Eastern Shore of Maryland that has existed since the 1840's. In addition, it is a surviving representative of the oldest indigenous type of boat on the Bay—the working log canoe—which was developed in the 17th century by early European settlers from the aboriginal dugout canoe.

Used for transportation and for harvesting the rich bounty of the Bay, log canoes changed little over the centuries. Constructed of from two to seven logs and ranging in length from 20 to 35 feet, they were rigged with one or two sharp-headed spritsails with or without a jib set on raking; unstayed pole masts. Easily and cheaply constructed, some 6300 existed in Bay waters in the 1880's. The working canoes frist began to be raced in 1840 and by the 1870's area boatbuilders were building canoes specifically for racing, with lighter, thinner hulls and sharper lines. As mast heights increased to increase sail area the canoes became inherently unstable, necessitating the use of springboards and human ballast. Also part of the racing rig is the outrigger added for balance and to enable the sail tender to sit beyond the overlarge mainsail.

With the invention of the gasoline engine many log canoes were converted to power for oystering, but were then converted back to sail as interest in racing waxed and waned over the years. After peak years of popularily in the 1880's and 1890's interest in log canoe racing waned in the first two decades of the 20th century only to be revived again in the 1920's. The popularity of racing, spearheaded by the Miles River Yacht Club continued unabated until the present day, although the number of vessels active in the fleet has varied considerably.

MYSTERY gains her significance has having been built during the revival of log canoe racing in the late 1920s and early 1930s. The vessel was built by Harry Sinclair of Oxford in 1932 for John D. Williams whotalso commissioned the canoe JAY DEE. Because there was a great deal of secrecy involved in her construction the canoe was given the name MYSTERY. A later owner, John Whittum, sailed the canoe for a few years with a skip-jack rig before re-rigging her as a canoe. Under Whittum MYSTERY won the Governor's Cup in 1962. Several years ago the vessel created a stir with a new 60' foremast, the largest ever used in a log canoe of 35 feet or less, and in 1983 MYSTERY appeared for the Governor's Cup race with another new mast, this one reputed to be the longest ever, but again, the "mystery" of its height was not divulged.

## Major Bibliographical References A-422 Brewington, Marion V., Chesapeake Bay Log Canoes and Bugeyes (Cambridge, Md.: Cornell Maritime Press, 1963) **Geographical Data** 10. Acreage of nominated property less than one acre Quadrangle name \_\_Chestertown, MD Quadrangle scale 1:24000 **UMT References** Verbal boundary description and justification The historic boundary of this movable vessel is co-terminous with the hull. The vessel is usually stored at the location indicated in Item 2. List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries state code county code state code county code Form Prepared By name/title Anne Witty and Dr. Mary Ellen Hayward organization Maryland Historical Society date May 1984 201 West Monument Street telephone (301) 685-3750 štreet & number Baltimore Maryland 21201 city or town state

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust Shaw House 21 State Circle Annapolis, Maryland 21401 (301) 269-2438

